

## Conveyor belt system and oven

The invention relates to a conveyor belt system for transporting products through a bath of liquid, such as heated cooking oil in an oven or hot water in a boiler, comprising a feed belt, accommodated in a base frame, and a top belt, located above the feed belt and accommodated in an auxiliary frame, for transporting the products through the bath of liquid between the feed belt and the top belt, as well an adjustable support mechanism for adjusting the distance between feed belt and top belt, which support mechanism comprises further adjustable supports by means of which the auxiliary frame is supported on the base frame.

Conveyor belt systems of this type are known. They are used, for example, in ovens. The products, for example meat products such as hamburgers, chicken fillets, schnitzels or potato products and the like, move on the feed belt through the heated oil. Depending on the speed of the feed belt, they remain in the oil for a certain time in order to obtain the desired degree of cooking, browning and the like.

Some products are able to float in the oil and consequently no longer remain on the feed belt. As a consequence of this the residence time in the oil can no longer be controlled with the desired accuracy. However, by virtue of the top belt even such products can be fed through the oil in the desired, controlled manner. To this end, the top belt holds the products on the feed belt.

Since different types of products have different thicknesses, it must be possible to adjust the distance between the top belt and the feed belt. The support mechanisms must be adjusted for this purpose, which in practice is a time-consuming, high risk operation. First of all each support mechanism must be adjusted individually. Since there are usually 4 to 6 such support mechanisms, adjustment takes a great deal of time. Moreover, the adjustment mechanisms are located immediately alongside the bath containing hot oil. Therefore, the cover first has to be raised for adjustment. Adjustment then has to be carried out in the oil fumes being given off, which is unpleasant and can be dangerous.

The aim of the invention is to provide a conveyor belt system that does not have these disadvantages and can be operated more easily.

Said aim is achieved in that the supports are mechanically coupled to one another by coupling means for common adjustment thereof, for example by a central control element.

By mechanically coupling the supports, these can be operated simultaneously from

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In order in this embodiment also to be able to support the lead-in frame component of the auxiliary frame in the correct, adjustable manner, each ramp support of the lead-in

frame components is fixed to, in each case, one of said components by means of a bearer which can be moved transversely with respect to said lead-in frame component and bears on the other lead-in frame component, and the associated block is movably attached to that lead-in frame component to which the bearer is also attached.

5 Preferably, the winder is accommodated on the main frame component to which the blocks are movably attached and the bearers are attached to the lead-in frame component associated with said main frame component, which lead-in frame component has deflection pulleys around which the cable changes direction.

10 The invention also relates to an oven comprising a conveyor belt system as described above, a tank to hold a quantity of cooking oil and a cover for covering the tank, the conveyor belt system being located in said tank.

According to the invention the drive for the coupling means can be located outside the tank or cover. It is now no longer necessary to lift the cover in order to adjust the auxiliary belt. This adjustment can therefore be carried out safely and rapidly.

15 Such an oven can be provided in the conventional manner with a lifting device for lifting the cover and the conveyor belt system relative to the tank. Recourse can be made to this lifting device should the adjustment forces become too high when adjusting the supports.

20 The invention therefore also relates to a method for operating such an oven in relation to adjustment of the distance between the feed belt and the top belt, comprising the following steps:

- increasing the distance between the feed belt and the top belt by means of the lifting device,
- adjusting the supports in order to obtain a new support position related to the new,
- 25 desired distance between the feed belt and the top belt,
- transferring the support of the top belt on the feed belt to the supports.

30 The invention will be explained in more detail below with reference to the illustrative embodiment shown in the figures.

Figure 1 shows a side view of the conveyor belt system according to the invention.

Figure 2 shows a partial plan view.

Figures 3 - 5 show steps in the adjustment of a ramp mechanism.

Figure 6 shows a section along VI - VI in Figure 4.

Figure 7 shows a further ramp mechanism.

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Figures 12 and 13 shows various positions of the lead-in frame components.

The conveyor belt system 1 is shown by continuous lines in Figure 1. This conveyor belt system 1 is intended for an oven 2, the outlines of the tank 34, the cover 35 and the lifting devices 33 of which are shown by dash-and-dot lines. The conveyor belt mechanism 1 comprises a feed belt 3 that is accommodated in a base frame 4. The conveyor belt system further comprises a top belt 5 that is accommodated in an auxiliary frame 6.

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In the embodiment shown the top belt runs continuously from the main frame 10 to the auxiliary frame 11. The feed belt 3, however, consists of two separate parts, that is to say the main feed belt 13, which is accommodated in the main frame 7, and the lead-in feed belt 14, that is accommodated in the lead-in frame 8.

As shown in Figures 3 - 6, each ramp mechanism 14 has a ramp support 16 that is fixed to the base frame 4, in particular the top flange 17 thereof.

As shown in Figure 6, the block has a cavity 21 into which the T-shaped section 22, which is fixed to the auxiliary frame 6, projects.

The ramp mechanisms 15 which are installed between the lead-in frame components 8, 11 differ somewhat from the ramp mechanisms between the main frame components 7, 10. As shown in Figure 7, in the case of the ramp mechanism 15 both ramp support 16 and

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frame components 7, 10 of the base frame 4 and the auxiliary frame 6, respectively.

frame components 8, 11.

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supports 16, such that after cutting the power to the lifting devices 33 the top belt 5

immediately has the correct position relative to the feed belt 3.

As an alternative the blocks 18 can be moved relative to the ramp supports 16 such that they are not yet in contact with one another. The feed belt 5 is then moved downwards by the lifting devices 33, the blocks 18 coming into contact with the ramp supports 16 and  
5 the desired distance between feed belt 3 and top belt 5 being obtained.

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